Third Quarter 2011 Results

November 8, 2011



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Agenda



- 1. Main Magnitudes
- 2. A Stronger Capital Structure
- 3. Summary of 9M11 Results
- 4. Analysis of Operations
- 5. Conclusions

Main Magnitudes

Main Magnitudes



Recurring Net Income 9M11: €896 million¹ (+11.6%) Net Income 9M11: €1,114 million

EBITDA 9M11: €3,539 million (+0.5%)

Investments 9M11: €832 million² (-9.0%)

Net Debt as of 30/09/2011: €17.3 billion³ (-12.5%)

Notes

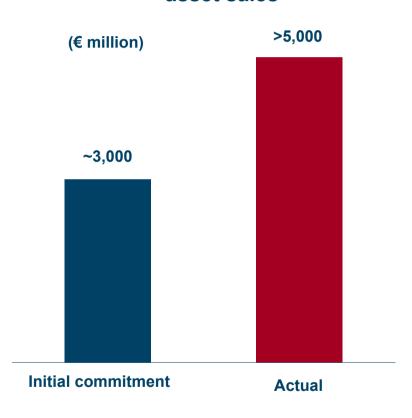
- 1 Disregarding impact from capital gains
- 2 Tangible and intangible investments
- 3 Taking into account €168.3 million cashed from the tranche of tariff deficit securitised on 5 October



Completion of asset disposal plan



Total proceeds collected from asset sales



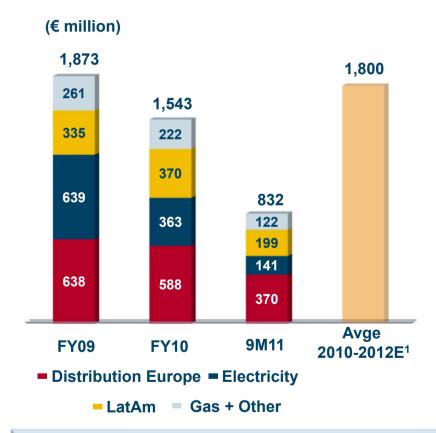
- Over €5,000 million collected from proceeds of asset disposals
- Almost complete fulfillment of GNF's commitments on the asset sales agreed with Spanish antitrust authorities
 - Pending approval for sale of gas customers in Madrid (€38 million)
 - Expecting to collect proceeds in 1Q12

Greatly exceeding initial ~€3,000 million asset disposal commitment

Discipline in CAPEX



Total consolidated investments



- Lower CAPEX after completion of CCGTs and slowdown in expansion of distribution networks in Spain
- Increasing focus on shorter paybacks and target returns
- CAPEX synergy target for 2012 fully achieved in 2011

Enhancing investments in regulated activities that constitute the main source of EBITDA

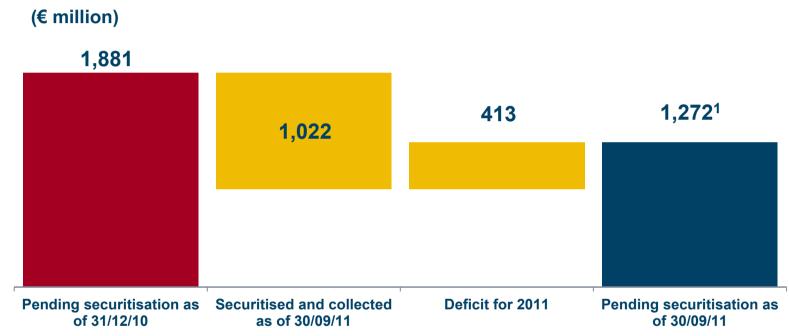
Note:

¹ Average annual CAPEX for the 2010-2012 period, as set forth in the Strategic Plan 2010-2014

Securitisation of tariff deficit



Tariff deficit amounts for GNF¹



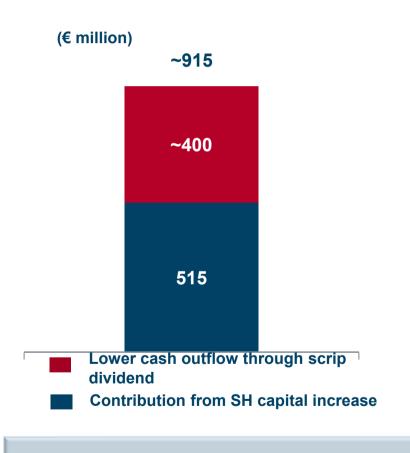
• €1,022 million collected by GNF to date, mainly through the five bond issues carried out by FADE

Ongoing securitisation despite challenging market conditions

Strengthening shareholders' equity



Combined positive impact

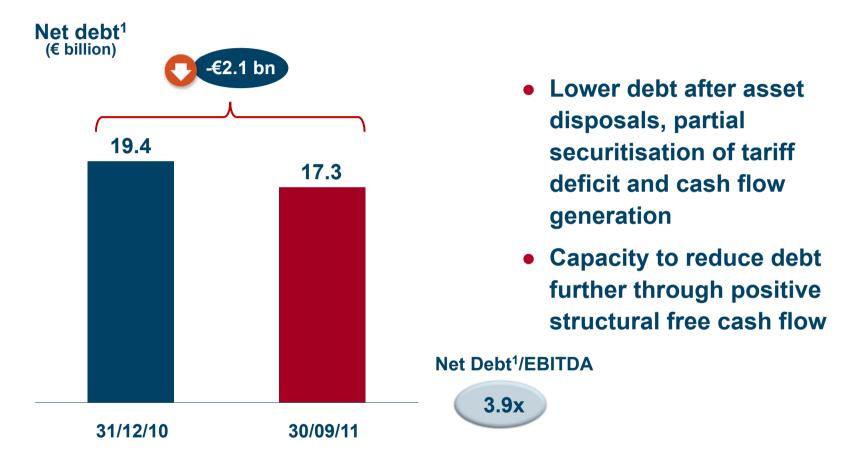


- Scrip dividend completed with an unprecedented 96.4% success ratio
 - Lower cash outflow implied of ~€400 million
- Sonatrach's purchase of 3.85% of share capital in August injected €515 million

Strengthening both capital structure and liquidity

A substantial reduction in debt

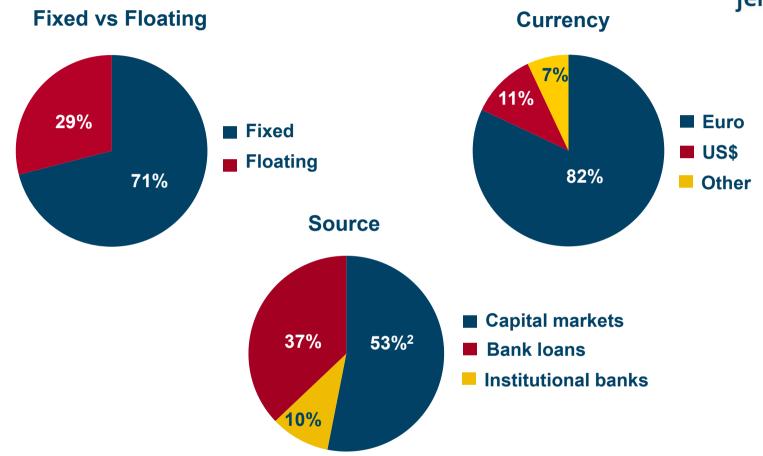




Achieving debt reduction target in accordance with plan

Debt¹ breakdown





Fixed/floating, source and currency mixes provide a well-balanced financial risk profile

Notes:

- 1 Net debit
- 2 Adjusting net debt with pending tariff deficit securitisation , the weighting of capital markets would increase to 57%

Cost of debt



Average cost of debt

9M10 **4.2**%



9M11 **4.3**%

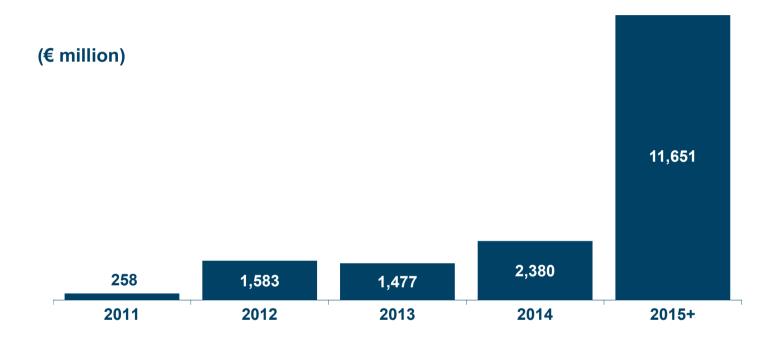
- Very competitive cost of debt, below that of other peers' with better credit ratings
 - Includes LatAm subsidiaries, funded in local currency
 - €8,000 million issues in capital markets made since June 2009 with an average coupon of 4.77% and average life of 7.1 years
- No major impact in cost of debt in 2011 despite higher volatilities and spreads in financial markets in 2011

No significant impact expected in cost of debt in the near future

Debt maturity schedule



Net debt: €17.3 billion¹



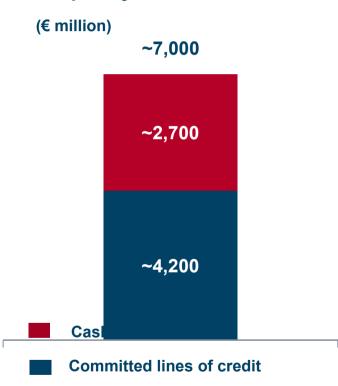
- Average life of debt ~5 years
- 67% of net debt maturing from 2015 onwards

Financial needs from 2011 to 2013 covered, with a current focus on the period from 2014 onwards

Liquidity





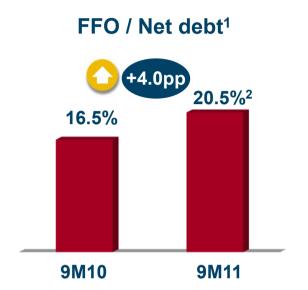


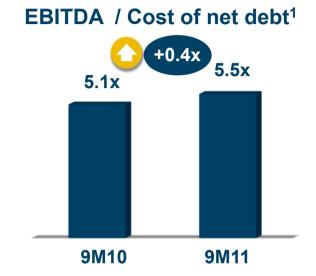
- Enough liquidity available to cover needs for at least next 24 months
- Available additional capital market capabilities of €4,000 million in Euro
 - Euro programmes
 - LatAm programmes (Mexico, Argentina, Panama)
- In October 2011, S&P stated:
 - "GNF's liquidity is strong, based on its proactive financing and healthy cash flow generation"
 - "GNF's proven access to the debt capital markets both in Spain and Mexico (...), its ability to dispose of assets, its sound bank relationships and its prudent financial discipline further support our assessment of its strong liquidity position"

Proactively maintaining a healthy liquidity position

Considerations on ratings







- Solid business risk profile, with ~70% EBITDA regulated/quasiregulated and an integrated management of liberalized businesses
- Limited exposure to other European utilities' risks (nuclear, ToP) and proven expertise in emerging markets
- Strong liquidity and lack of refinancing risk

Continuous improvement in credit metrics

Notes:

¹ Amounts not annualized



Consolidated income statement



| (€ million) | 9M11 | 9M10 | Change % |
|--|----------|---------|----------|
| Net sales | 15,315 | 14,289 | 7.2 |
| Purchases | (10,099) | (9,147) | 10.4 |
| Gross Margin | 5,216 | 5,142 | 1.4 |
| Personnel, Net | (638) | (596) | 7.0 |
| Other expenses, Net | (1.039) | (1.024) | 1.5 |
| EBITDA | 3,539 | 3,522 | 0.5 |
| Depreciation | (1,300) | (1,240) | 4.8 |
| Provisions | (142) | (155) | (8.4) |
| Other results | 268 | 365 | (26.6) |
| Operating Income | 2,365 | 2,492 | (5.1) |
| Financial results, Net | (701) | (787) | (10.9) |
| Equity income | 5 | 5 | - |
| Income Before Tax | 1,669 | 1,710 | (2.4) |
| Taxes | (416) | (439) | (5.2) |
| Minority interest | (139) | (154) | (9.7) |
| Net Income | 1,114 | 1,117 | (0.3) |
| Non- recurring items, net ¹ | (218) | (314) | (30.6) |
| Recurring Net Income | 896 | 803 | 11.6 |

Note:

¹ Corresponds to capital gains from disposals in 2010 and 2011 (mainly gas assets in Madrid, CCGTs in Mexico, and electricity distribution assets in Guatemala)

EBITDA breakdown



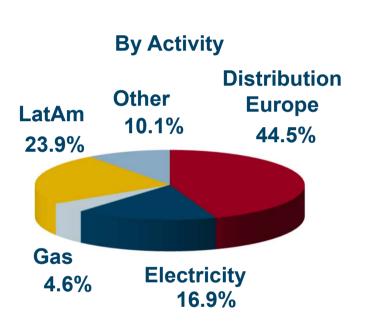
| | | | Chan | ge |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (€ million) | 9M11 | 9M10 | €m | % |
| Distribution Europe: | 1,307 | 1,194 | 113 | 9.5 |
| Electricity | 556 | 451 | 105 | 23.3 |
| Gas | 751 | 743 | 8 | 1.1 |
| Electricity: | 640 | 790 | -150 | -19.0 |
| Spain | 532 | 689 | -157 | -22.8 |
| Special Regime | 97 | 88 | 9 | 10.2 |
| Other | 11 | 13 | -2 | -15.4 |
| Gas: | 632 | 526 | 106 | 20.2 |
| Infrastructures | 173 | 193 | -20 | -10.4 |
| Supply | 459 | 333 | 126 | 37.8 |
| LatAm: | 864 | 958 | -94 | -9.8 |
| Electricity Distribution | 220 | 295 | -75 | -25.4 |
| Gas Distribution | 461 | 471 | -10 | -2.1 |
| Generation | 183 | 192 | -9 | -4.7 |
| Other | 96 | 54 | 42 | 77.8 |
| Total EBITDA | 3,539 | 3,522 | 17 | 0.5 |

Consolidated investments

Tangible and intangible



| (€ million) | 9M11 | 9M10 |
|--------------------------|------|------|
| Distribution Europe: | 370 | 316 |
| Electricity | 188 | 163 |
| Gas | 182 | 153 |
| Electricity: | 141 | 250 |
| Spain | 122 | 198 |
| Special Regime | 19 | 52 |
| Gas: | 38 | 38 |
| Infrastructures | 28 | 27 |
| Supply | 10 | 11 |
| LatAm: | 199 | 244 |
| Generation | 34 | 106 |
| Gas Distribution | 89 | 53 |
| Electricity Distribution | 76 | 85 |
| Other | 84 | 66 |
| Total | 832 | 914 |



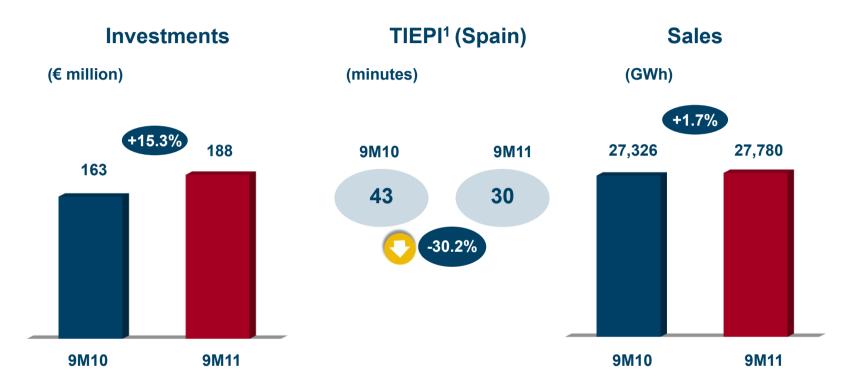
Financial discipline and implementation of synergies result in a 9.0% decrease in CAPEX

Analysis of Operations

Distribution Europe

Electricity





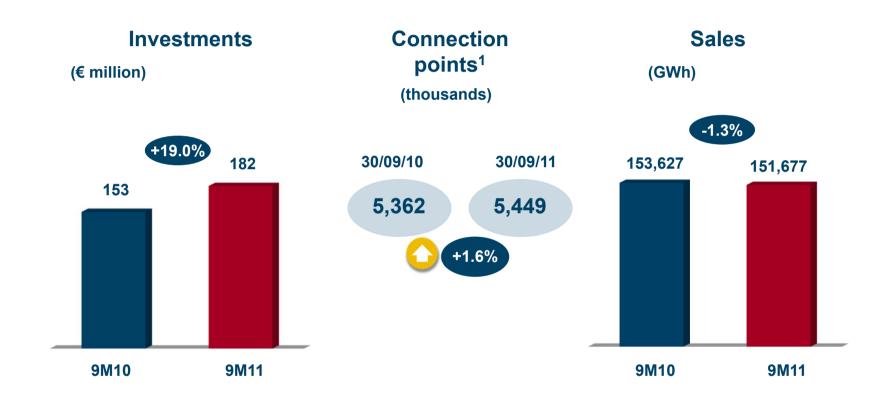
Improving service quality thanks to a successful and focused investment policy

EBITDA of €556 million (+23.3%), after a higher remuneration in Spain (which will not result in a homogeneous comparison until 4Q)

Distribution Europe

Gas



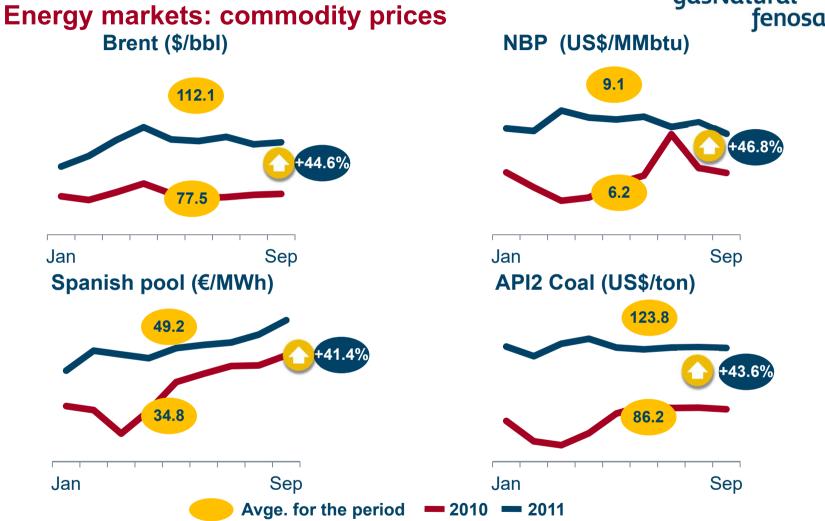


Investment efforts focused on network expansion - main driver for remuneration increase - thanks to low penetration levels in Spain

Note:

¹ Disregarding recent asset disposals in Madrid

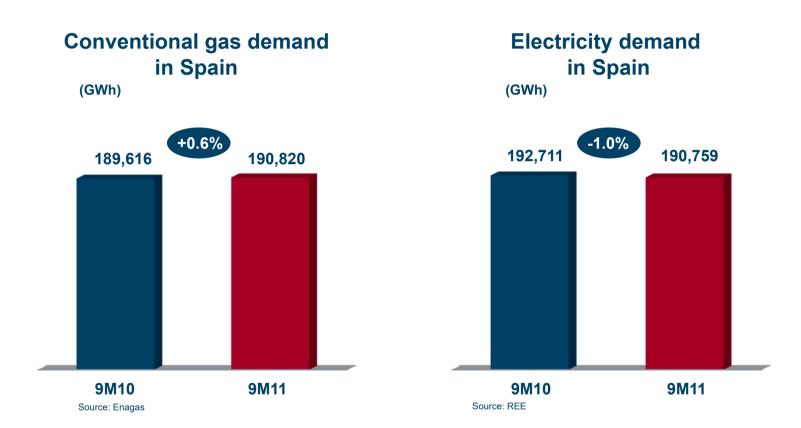




A challenging energy markets scenario

Gas and electricity demand





Enjoying a balanced exposure to different market dynamics, based on the flexibility of the supply portfolio

Spanish electricity regulation (I)



Tariff deficit

- The 12% reduction in access charges for 4Q11 is a step back in the reduction of the tariff deficit that will add an additional deficit of €800 million in 2012
- The financial mismatch for the industry in 2011 will be €3,100 million
- If no measures are taken, it will be difficult to achieve the tariff deficit target for 2012
- Urgent measures need to be implemented to curb the tariff deficit:
 - Not generating new costs from renewables (moratorium)
 - Allocating CO₂ revenues for the payment of the renewables bill
 - Increasing access charges

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Spanish electricity regulation (II)

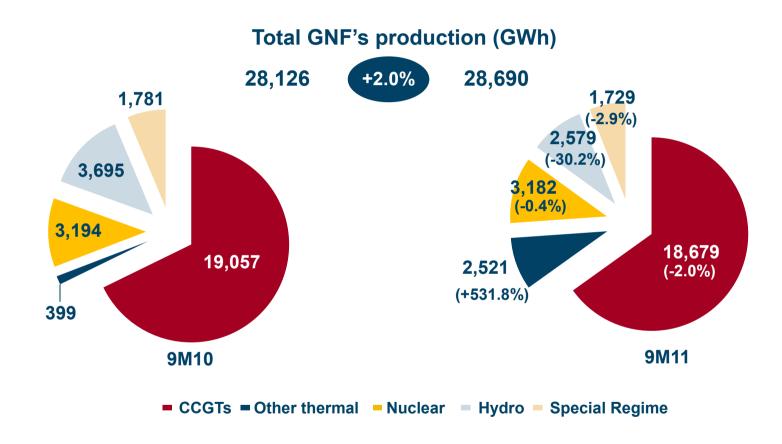
CCGT capacity payments

- There is a proven need for capacity payments and this issue has been assumed
- CCGTs will need to continue to provide backup to the system
- CCGTs are key for the security of the system (integration with renewables)
- It is urgent to send a first signal of an increase in capacity payments: approval of Ministerial Order draft
- In the future, as the tariff deficit decreases, capacity payments may be gradually adapted

Need for stability in energy regulation as well as a clear and predictable framework

Electricity production in Spain

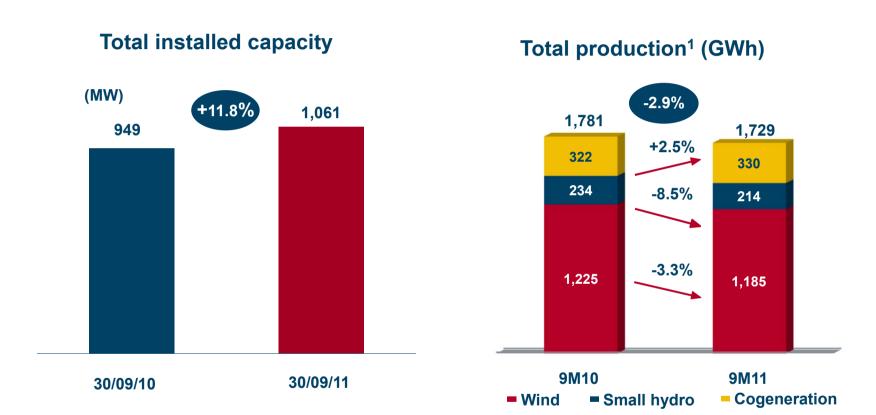




Higher thermal gap in 3Q11 leads to huge increase in thermal-based production, with coal accounting for 16% of demand in Spain in 9M11

Special regime: growing presence in renewables



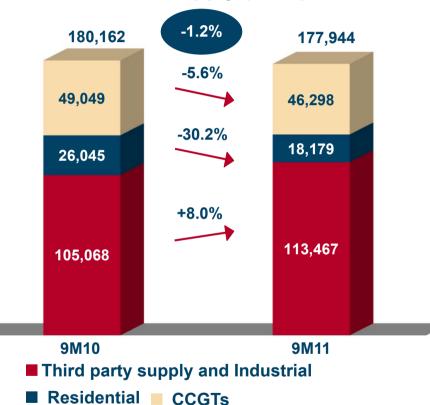


Continuous development of wind-powered capacity consolidating GNF's role as significant operator in renewables

Gas Supply Iberia

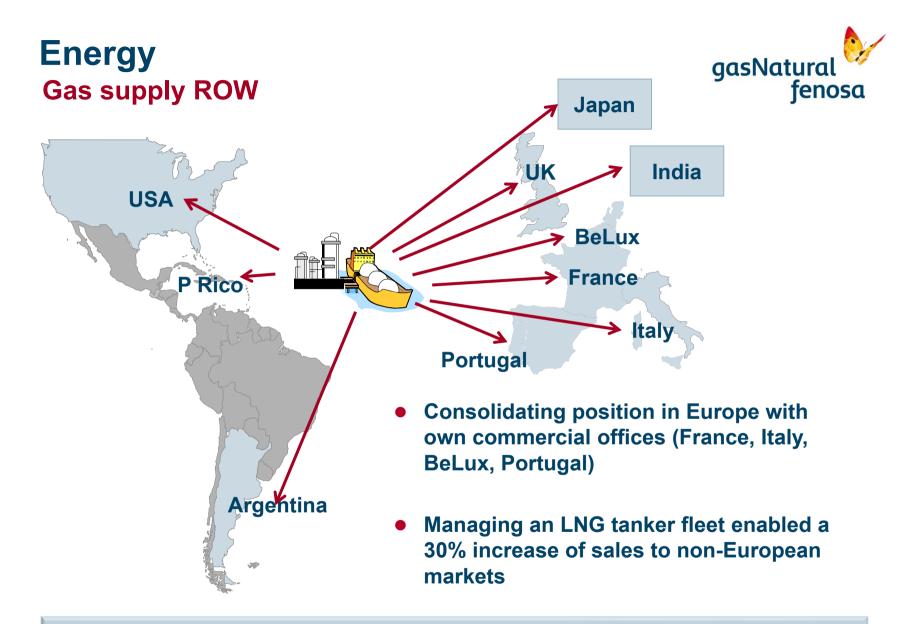


Gas supply (GWh)



- Lower retail gas sales as a result of milder weather in 2011
- Drop in CCGT-powered generation in 2011 results in lower sales to this segment
 - Higher usage of own CCGTs relative to the overall market cushions drop
- Demand underpinned by third party supply and industrial segments

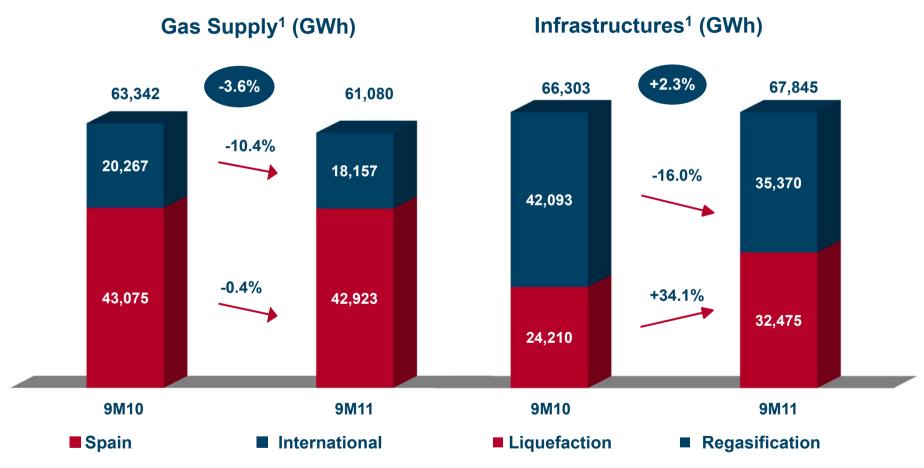
Benefiting from balanced and well-diversified customer base



The opening of foreign markets provides the basis for sustainable and profitable growth

Energy UF Gas

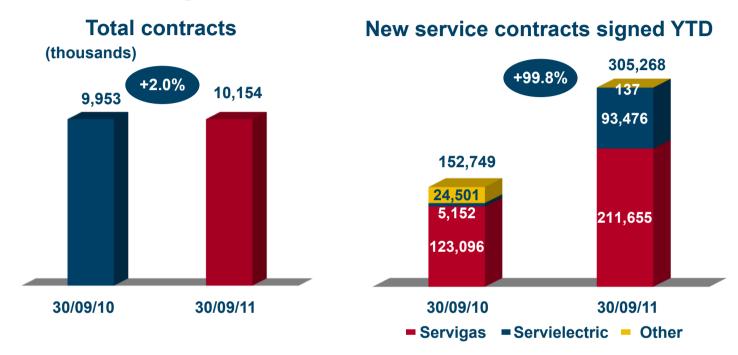




EBITDA (supply and infrastructures) grows 22.9% to €204 million

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Spanish retail: growth in customer contracts



- Enhancing policies to increase customer fidelity to maximize value of customer portfolio, developing complementary products and services
- Monetizing part of GNF's energy (gas & power), providing a natural hedge against price volatility

Achieving growth in contracts despite the maturity of the market

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Evolution of currencies in the Americas

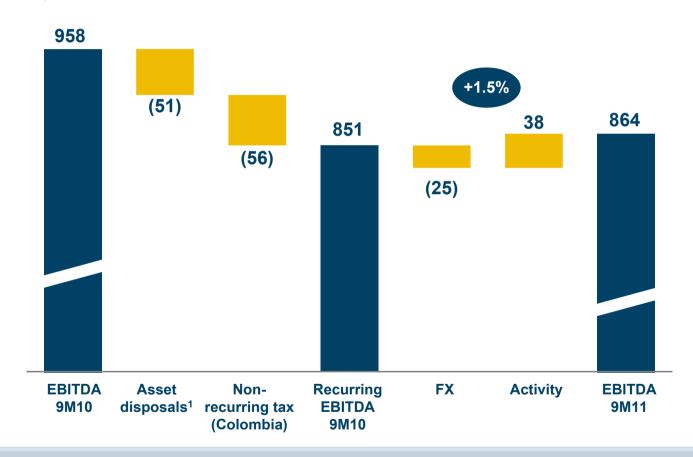


Almost general depreciation of currencies vs. 9M10

EBITDA reconciliation



(€ million)



Recurring EBITDA grows 1.5% despite net negative FX impact

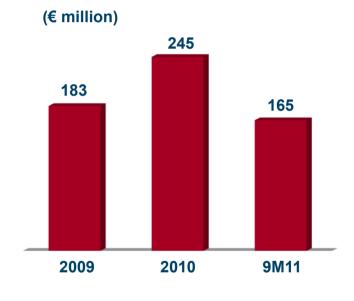
Note:

¹ CCGTs in Mexico and electricity distribution assets in Guatemala

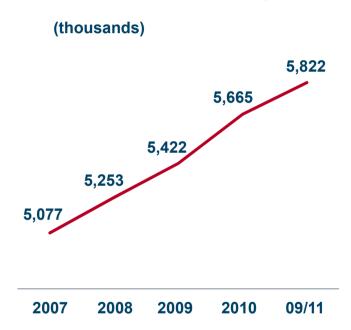
Distribution



Investments in gas and electricity distribution



Connection points, gas



 Regulated business which remunerates network expansion through servicing new connection points (gas) and improvement in service quality (electricity)

Investments focused on network expansion underpin activity growth

Electricity Generation: Norte Durango CCGT





- 450 MW plant commissioned in August 2010 that sells its output to the Mexican CFE (Comisión Federal de Electricidad) under a 25-year PPA
- Consistently achieving higher availability (95.5%) and efficiency (55.7%) levels than contractually agreed
- Maintaining a very good financial performance right from the start

Active portfolio management, creating value by divesting previously owned CCGTs and building new ones



Conclusions (I)



EBITDA grows +0.5% despite asset disposals

Recurring Net Income grows +11.6%

Net Debt decreases -12.8% to €17.3 billion¹



A solid business model, based on an adequate balance between regulated and liberalized gas and power businesses, with a growing and diversified contribution from international operations

Note:

¹ Taking into account €168.3 million cashed from the tranche of tariff deficit securitised on 5 October

Conclusions (II)



Working towards fulfillment of 2012 targets

| | 2012 |
|-----------------------|----------|
| EBITDA | >€5bn |
| Net Income | ~€1.5bn |
| Net Debt | €15-16bn |
| Net Debt / EBITDA (x) | ~3x |

• Attractive shareholder remuneration, maintaining dividend policy

Results for 9M11 put the company in the path for the fulfillment of the targets in the 2010-2014 Strategic Plan

Thank you

INVESTOR RELATIONS

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